

RPSRNet: End-to-End Trainable Rigid Point Set Registration Network using Barnes-Hut 2^D -Tree Representation

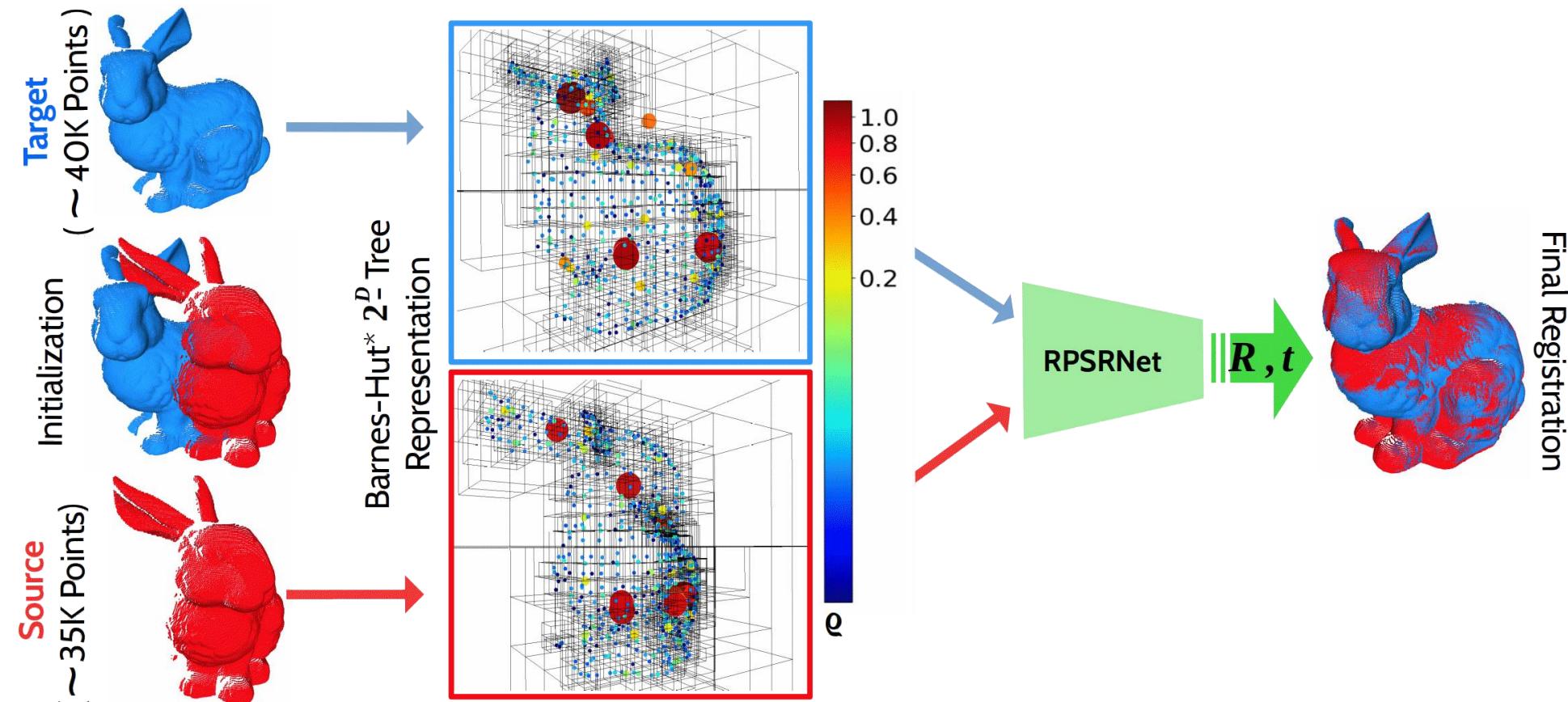
Sk Aziz Ali , Kerem Kahraman, Gerd Reis, Didier Stricker
(TU Kaiserslautern, German Research Center for Artificial Intelligence)



2021



A supervised deep learning framework (end-to-end trainable network) For Rigid Point Set Registration (RPSR)



Motivation

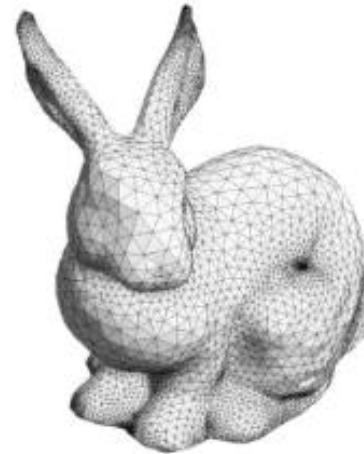
Input Representations



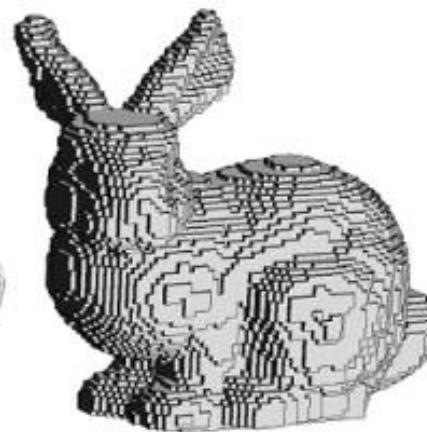
CAD Model



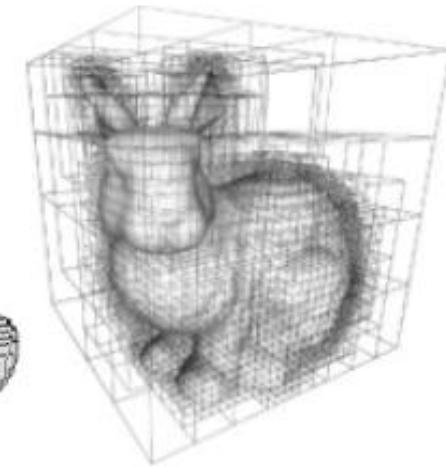
Dense Point
Cloud



Mesh



Voxels



Octree

Deep-Learning-Based 3D Point Cloud Processing Tasks

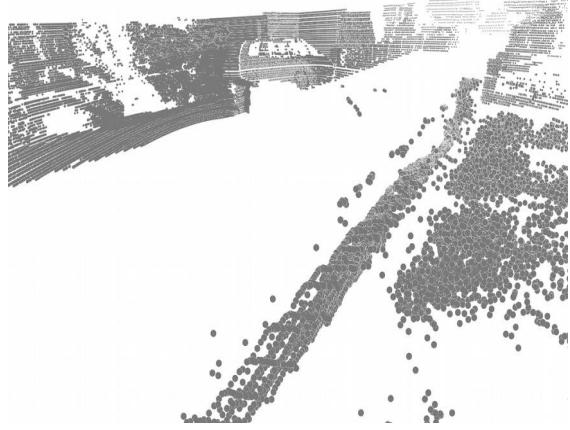
Classification, Segmentation, Matching/registration, Shape Completion, MODT

Data Dimension, Memory Efficiency, Shape Details, Computational Efficiency !

X

Input Representations

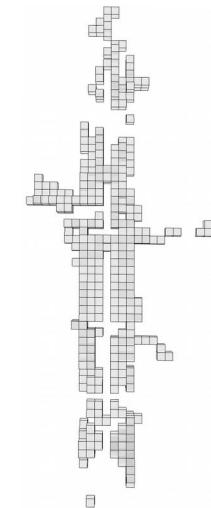
CAD Model



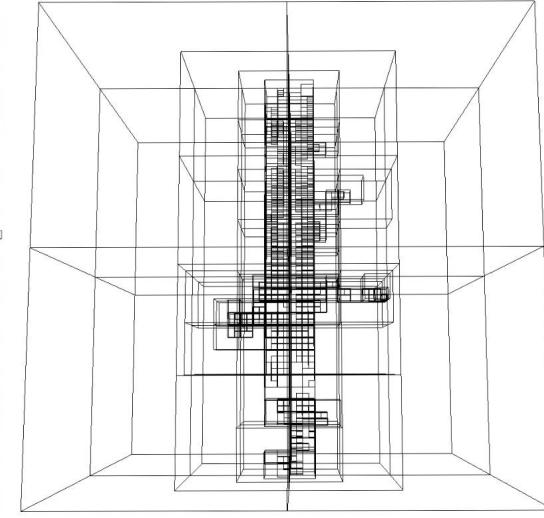
Dense Point
Cloud



BEV
(Birds Eye View)



Voxels



Octree

Deep-Learning-Based 3D Point Cloud Processing Tasks

Classification, Segmentation, Matching/registration, Shape Completion, MODT

Data Dimension, Memory Efficiency, Shape Details, Computational Efficiency !

Memory Efficiency	Robust to Noise	Indoor+Outdoor	Real-time inference	Quick-Training Time	Accept Original Point Size	Partial Data Registration
¹ DCP	¹ DCP		¹ DCP	¹ DCP		¹ DCP
		² PointNetLK ³ DGR			³ DGR	³ DGR ⁴ RPMNet
⁵ PPFFoldNet+ RelativeNet	⁴ RPMNet		⁵ PPFFoldNet+ RelativeNet		⁵ PPFFoldNet+ RelativeNet	⁵ PPFFoldNet+ RelativeNet
⁶ DeepGMR	⁶ DeepGMR		⁶ DeepGMR	⁶ DeepGMR		
⁷ ICP		⁷ ICP	⁷ ICP	⁷ ICP		
⁸ CPD	⁸ CPD					
⁹ FilterReg						⁹ FilterReg
	¹⁰ GA					
¹¹ FGR				¹¹ FGR	¹¹ FGR	¹¹ FGR
RPSRNet	RPSRNet	RPSRNet	RPSRNet	RPSRNet	RPSRNet	RPSRNet

[1] Y. Wang et. al, **ICCV'19**; [2] Y. Aoki et. al, **CVPR'19**; [3] C. Choy et. al, **CVPR'20**;

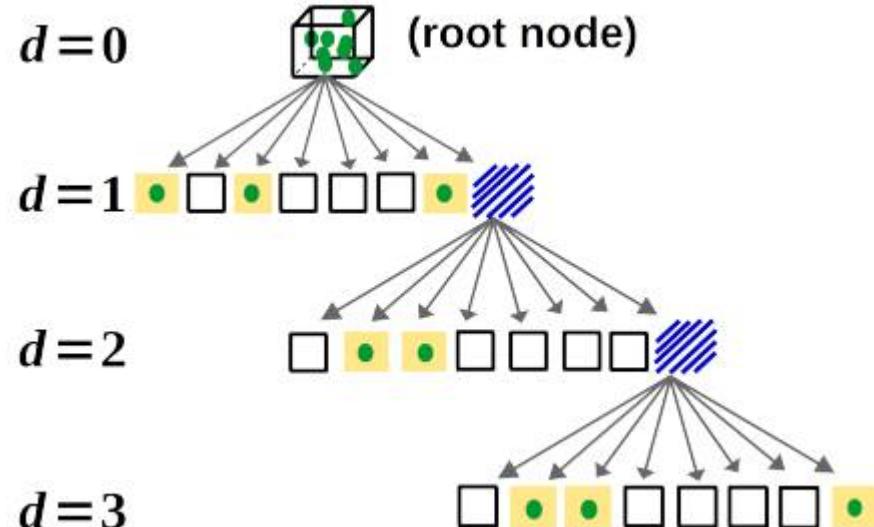
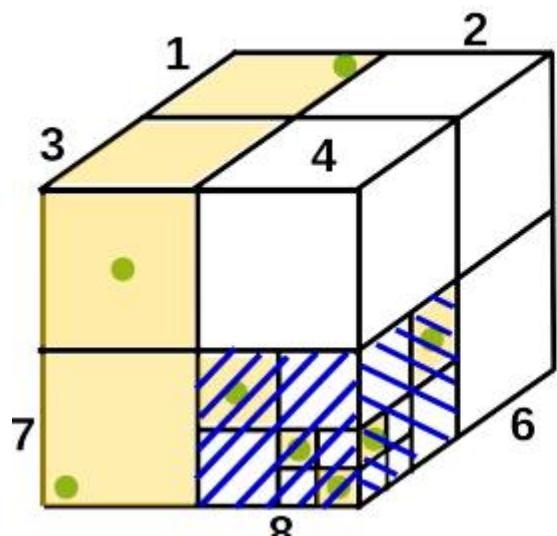
[4] Z. J. Yew et. al, **CVPR'20**; [5] H. Deng et. al, **CVPR'19**; [6] W. Yuan et. al, **ECCV'20**;

[7] P. J. Besl, **TPAMI'92**; [8] A. Myronenko, **TPAMI'10**; [9] W. Gao et. al, **CVPR'19**;

[10] V. Golyanik et. al, **CVPR'16**; [11] Q. Y. Zhou et. al, **ECCV'16**

Input Representation & RPSRNet Framework

BH-Tree Node Partitioning and Tree Traversal Indexing

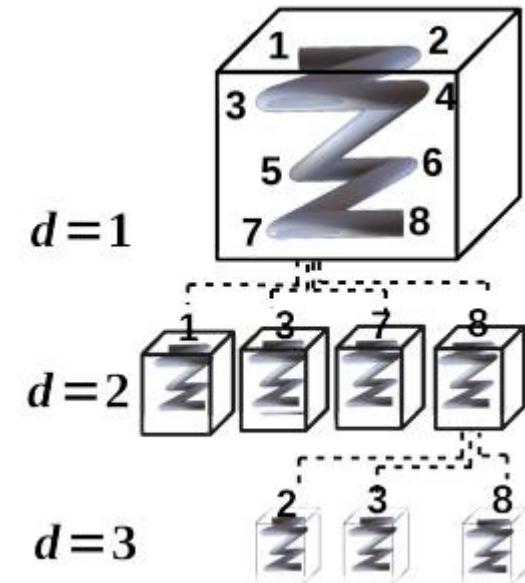


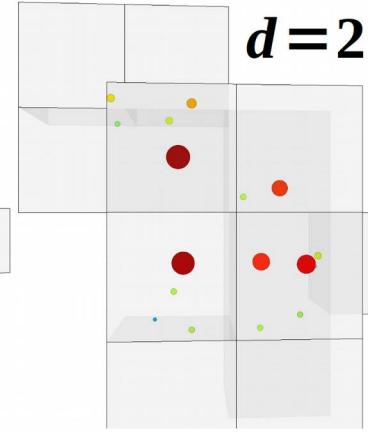
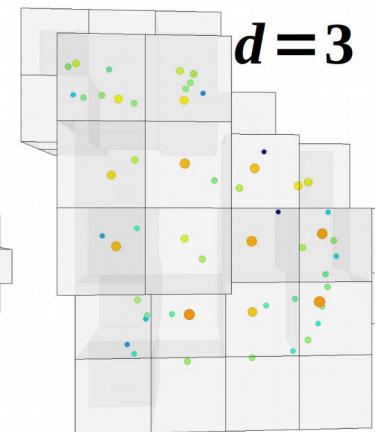
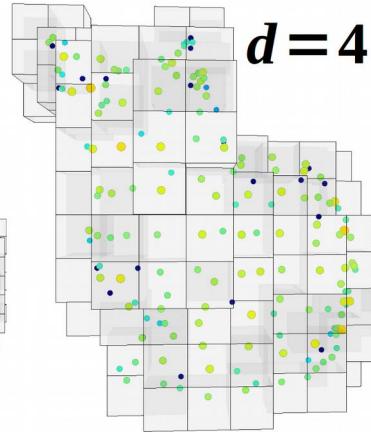
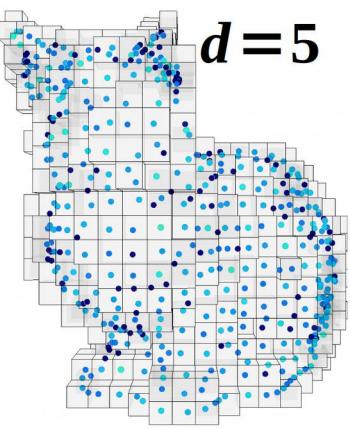
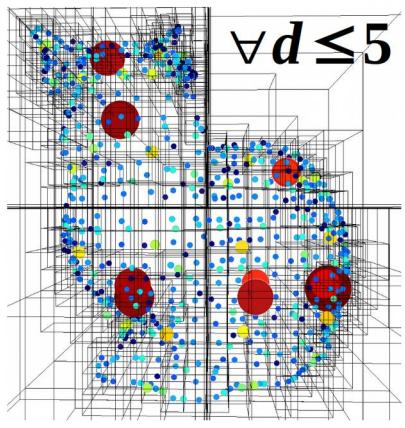
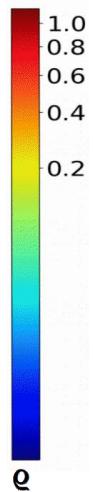
■ 'Leaf' Node

▨ 'Internal' Node

□ 'Null' Node

▨ 'Morton's 'Z' curve to index (1, 2, ... 2^3) non-empty nodes for Parent-Child relationship





BH-Tree Nodes at every depth

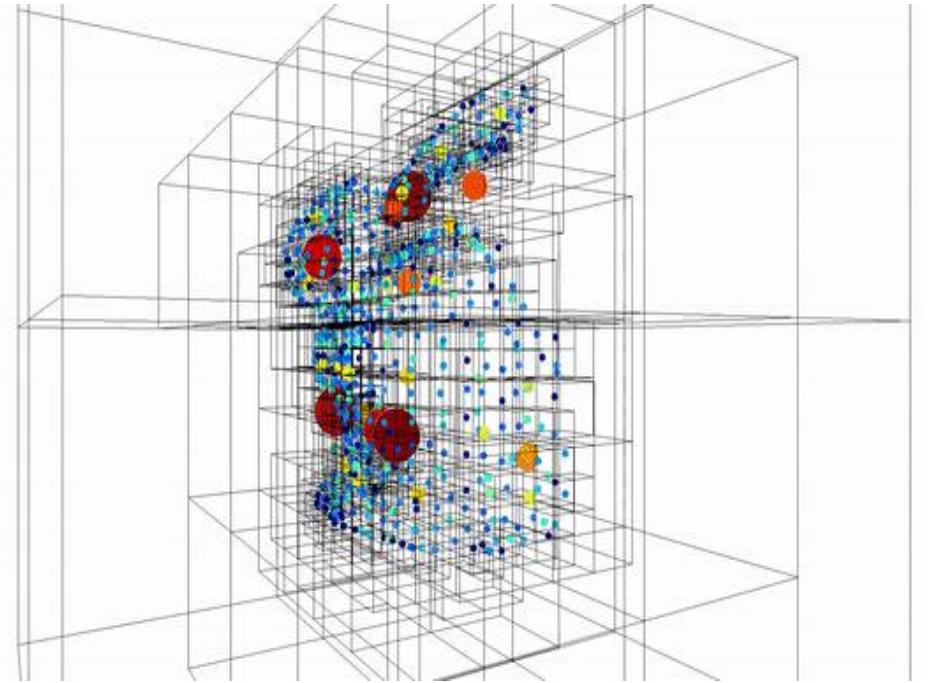
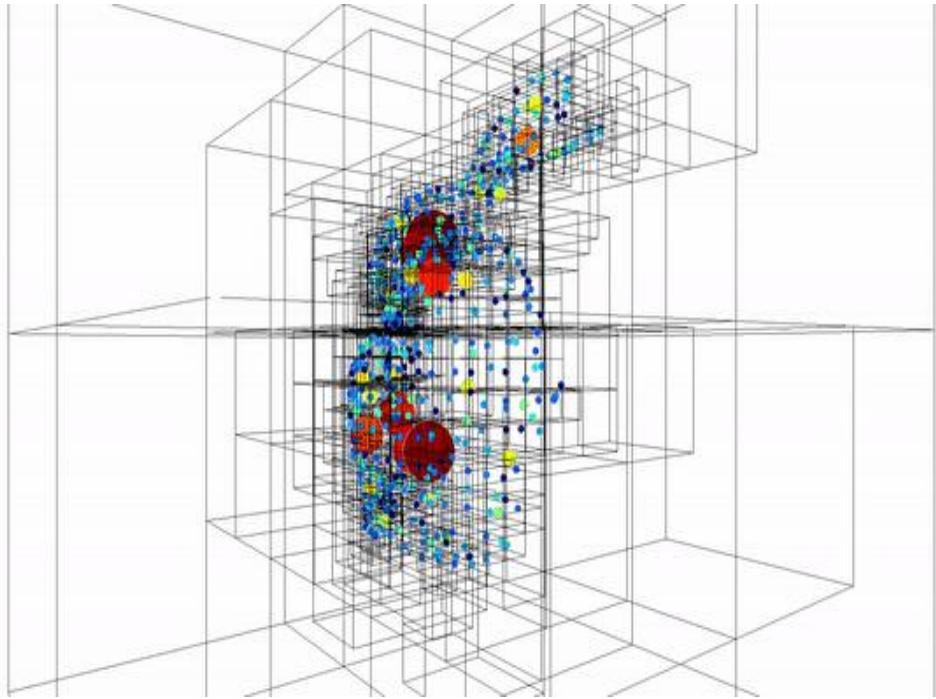
The RPSR problem is often formulated as optimization of cost function $\mathbf{U}(\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{t})$ in the form of globally **multiply-linked** correspondence distance errors between \mathbf{X} and \mathbf{Y} :

$$\mathbf{U}(\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{t}, \mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y}) = \sum_{i,j} \omega_{ij} \|(\mathbf{R}\mathbf{y}_i + \mathbf{t}) - \mathbf{x}_j\|_2^2,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{X} &= \{\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_N\} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times 3} \rightarrow \tau^{\mathbf{X}}, \quad \mathbf{M}_d^{\mathbf{Y}} = \{\mu_{d,l}^y\}, \rho_d^{\mathbf{X}-} = \{\varrho_{d,l}^{x-}\}, \quad \mathbf{N}_d^{\mathbf{X}} = \{\mathbf{n}_{d,l}^x\} \\ \mathbf{Y} &= \{\mathbf{y}_1, \dots, \mathbf{y}_M\} \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times 3} \rightarrow \tau^{\mathbf{Y}}, \quad \mathbf{M}_d^{\mathbf{X}} = \{\mu_{d,l}^x\}, \rho_d^{\mathbf{Y}-} = \{\varrho_{d,l}^{y-}\}, \quad \mathbf{N}_d^{\mathbf{Y}} = \{\mathbf{n}_{d,l}^y\} \end{aligned}$$

CoMs IDs Node Idx.

multiply-linked correspondence distance errors are now applicable on the CoMs of the non-empty nodes at every depth ($\sum_{i,j} \rightarrow \sum_d \sum_{l,\hat{l}}$)

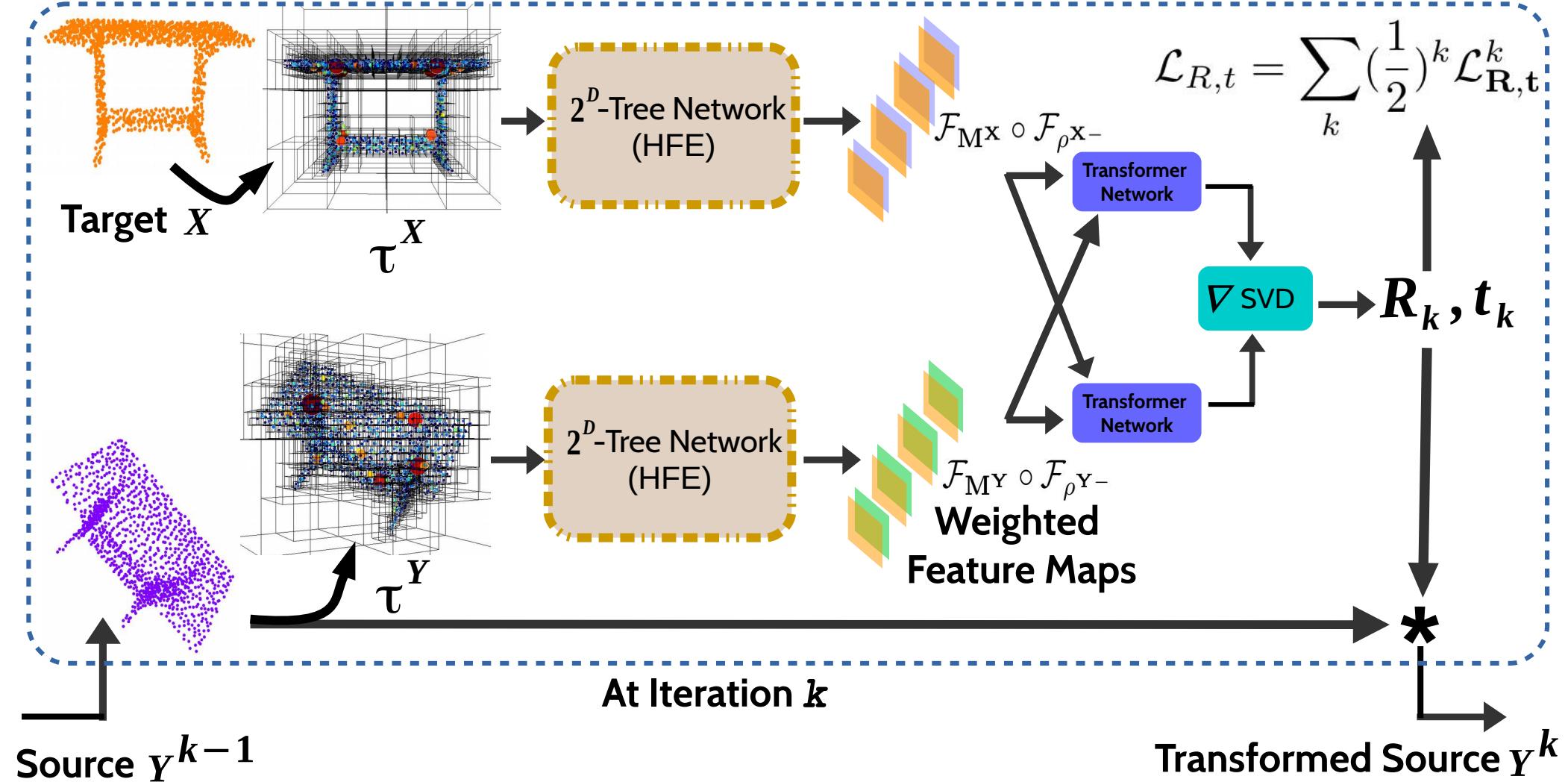


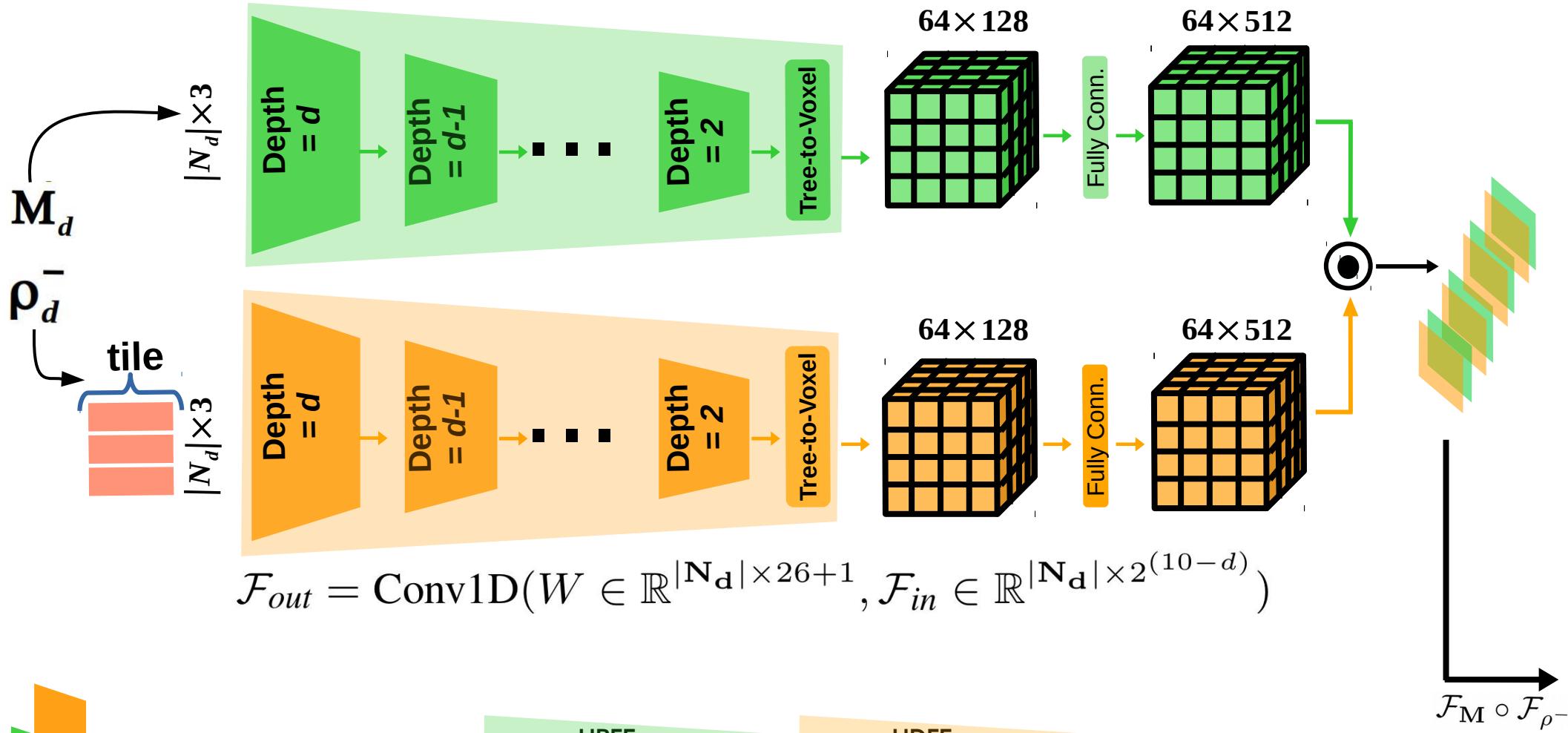
multi-scale sum of mean-squared distance errors between the CoMs

$$\mathbf{U}(\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{t}, \tau^{\mathbf{X}}, \tau^{\mathbf{Y}}) = \sum_d \sum_{l, \hat{l}} \varrho_{d,l}^{y-} \varrho_{d,\hat{l}}^{x-} \| (\mathbf{R} \mu_{d,l}^y + \mathbf{t}) - \mu_{d,\hat{l}}^x \|_2^2$$

BH-trees Depth Node Labels Inverse Node Densities Center of Masses of Nodes

Architecture of RPSRNet





1D Conv + Batch Norm.
+ Relu + Max Pool

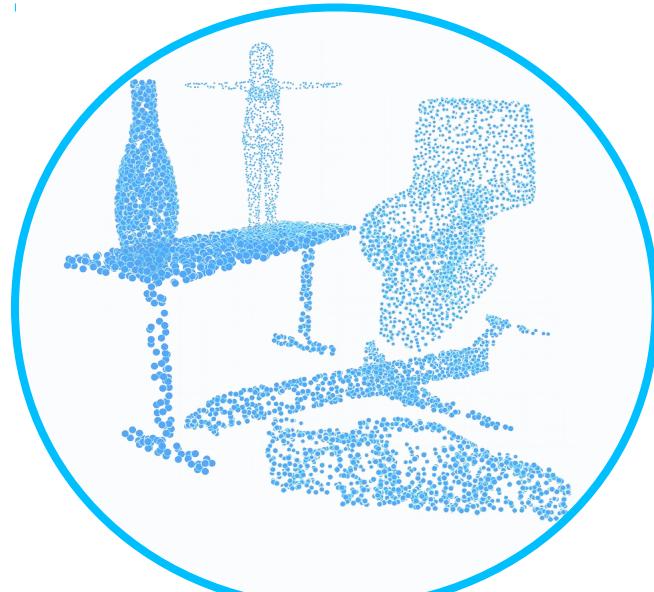
HPFE
Hierarchical Position
Feature Embedding

HDFE
Hierarchical Density
Feature Embedding

(Convolution Kernel Size = 26
as neighbors at depth 'd')

Experiments & Results

ModelNet40 Dataset



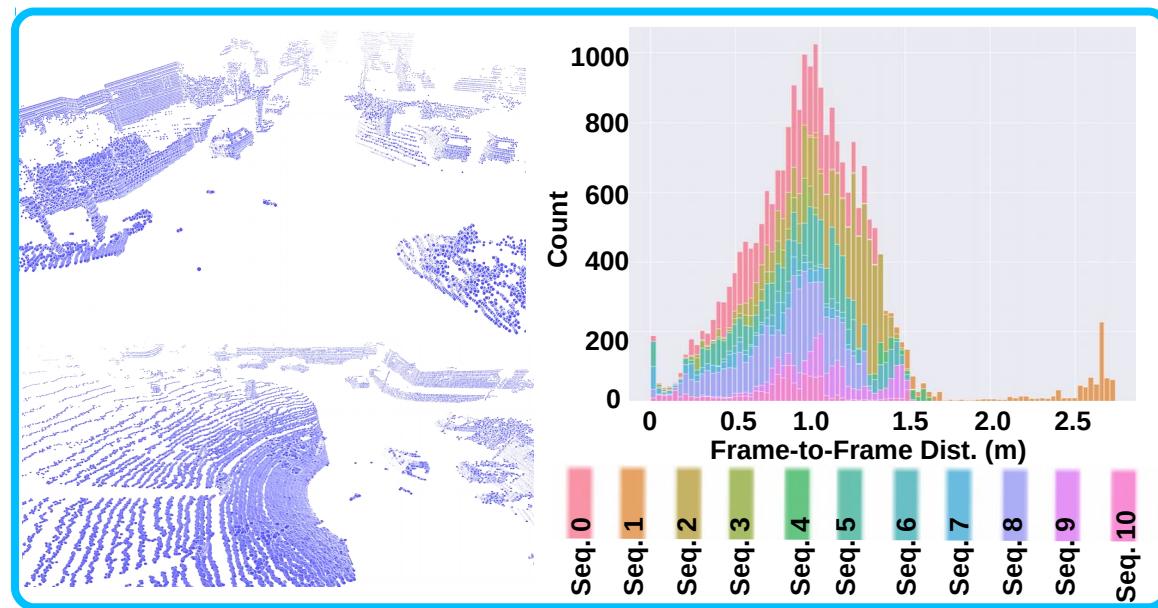
M1-seen **M2-unseen**

(Data Disturbances: Clean, Jitters, Coping,
Gaussian Noise, Uniformly Dist. Noise)

*Each with 5 increasing levels

$$\varphi = \cos^{-1} \left(0.5(\text{tr} (\mathbf{R}_{gt}^T \mathbf{R}) - 1) \right), \quad \Delta t = \|\mathbf{t}_{gt} - \mathbf{t}\|.$$

KITTI LiDAR Odometry Dataset

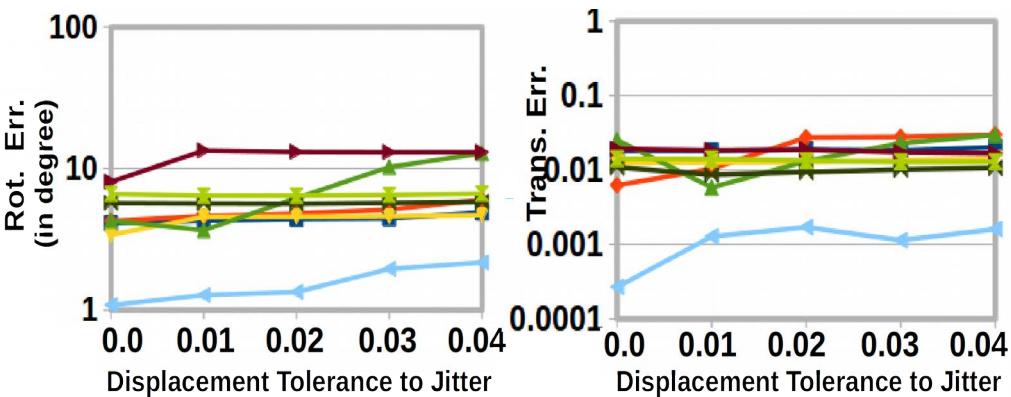


K1-w/o ground **K2-w ground**

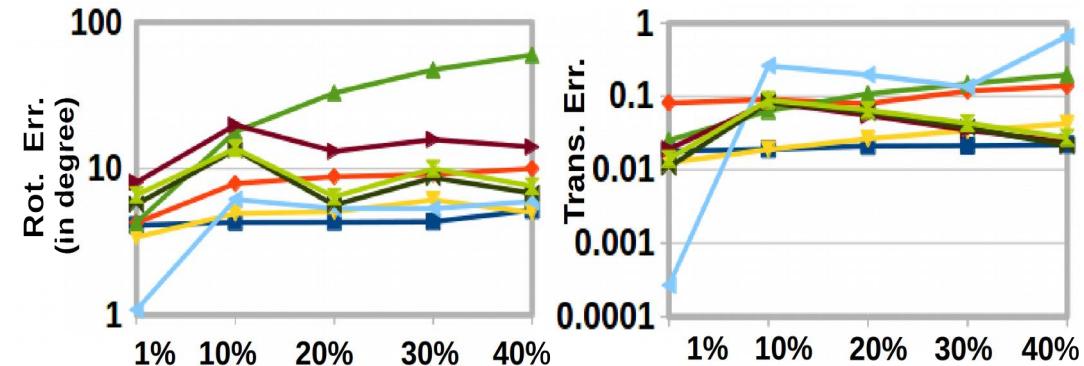
(Train: 70%; Test: 20%; Validation: 10%;)
Of random samples from every Seq.

(M1-seen)

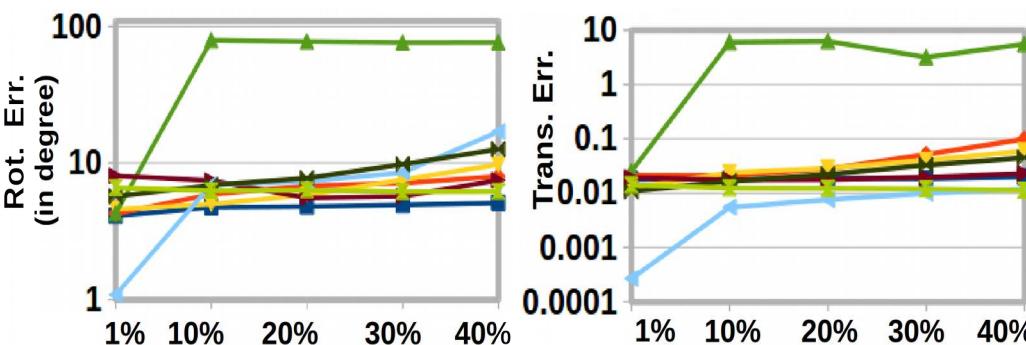
Perturbation



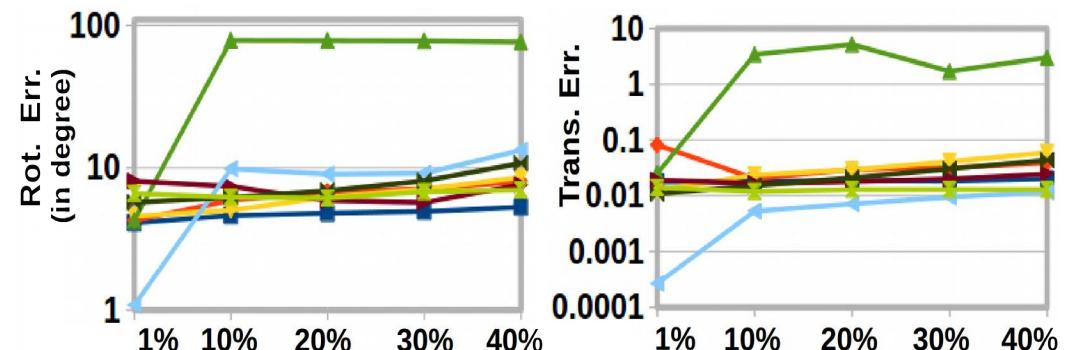
Cropping



Gaussian Noise



Uniform Noise



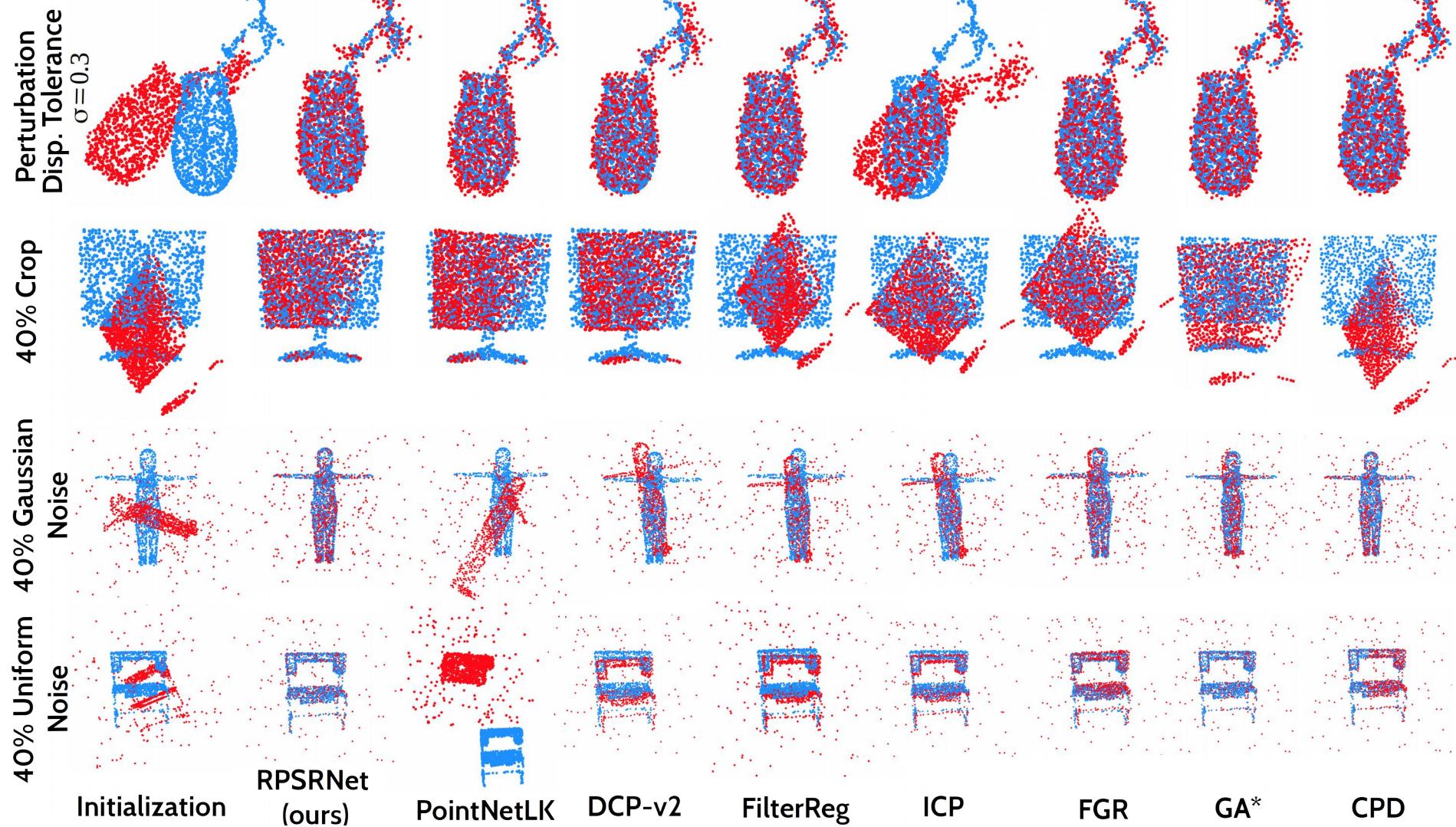
RPSRNet(Ours)
CPD

DCP-V2 (svd)
PointNetLK

GA* (in GPU)
FGR

ICP
FilterReg

(M1-seen)



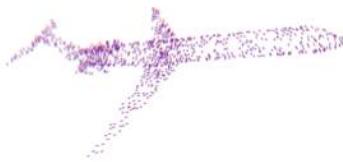
(M1-seen)

Clean Data

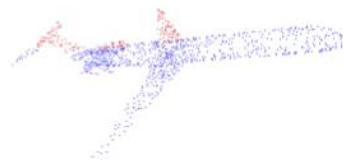
PointNetLK



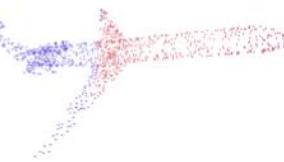
DCP



RPMNet

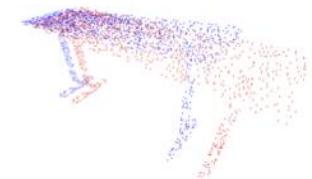
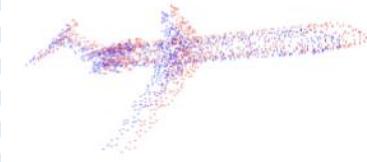
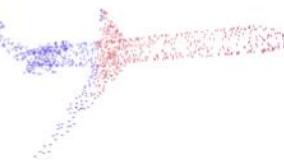
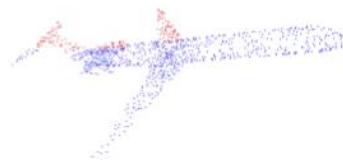
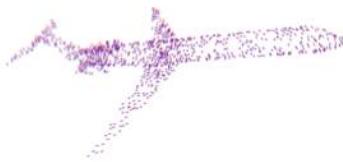
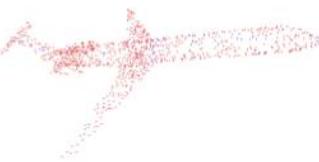
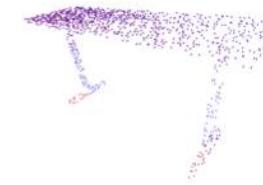
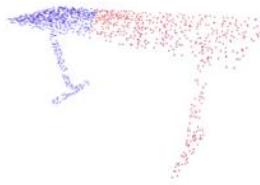
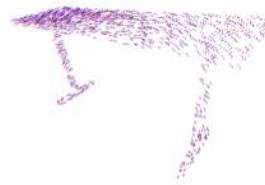
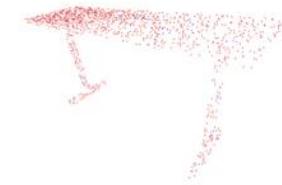
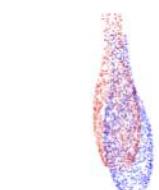


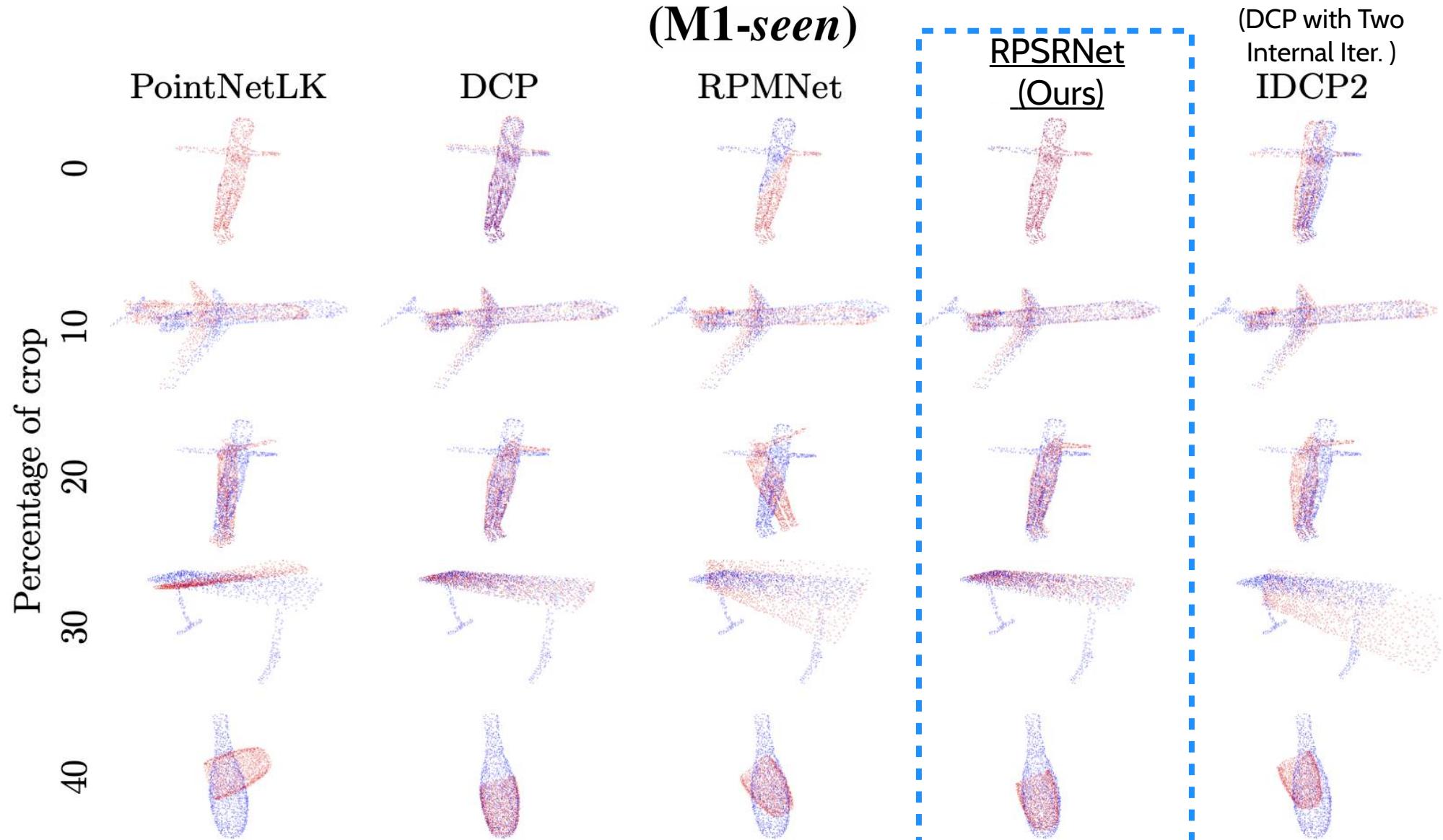
RPSRNet
(Ours)

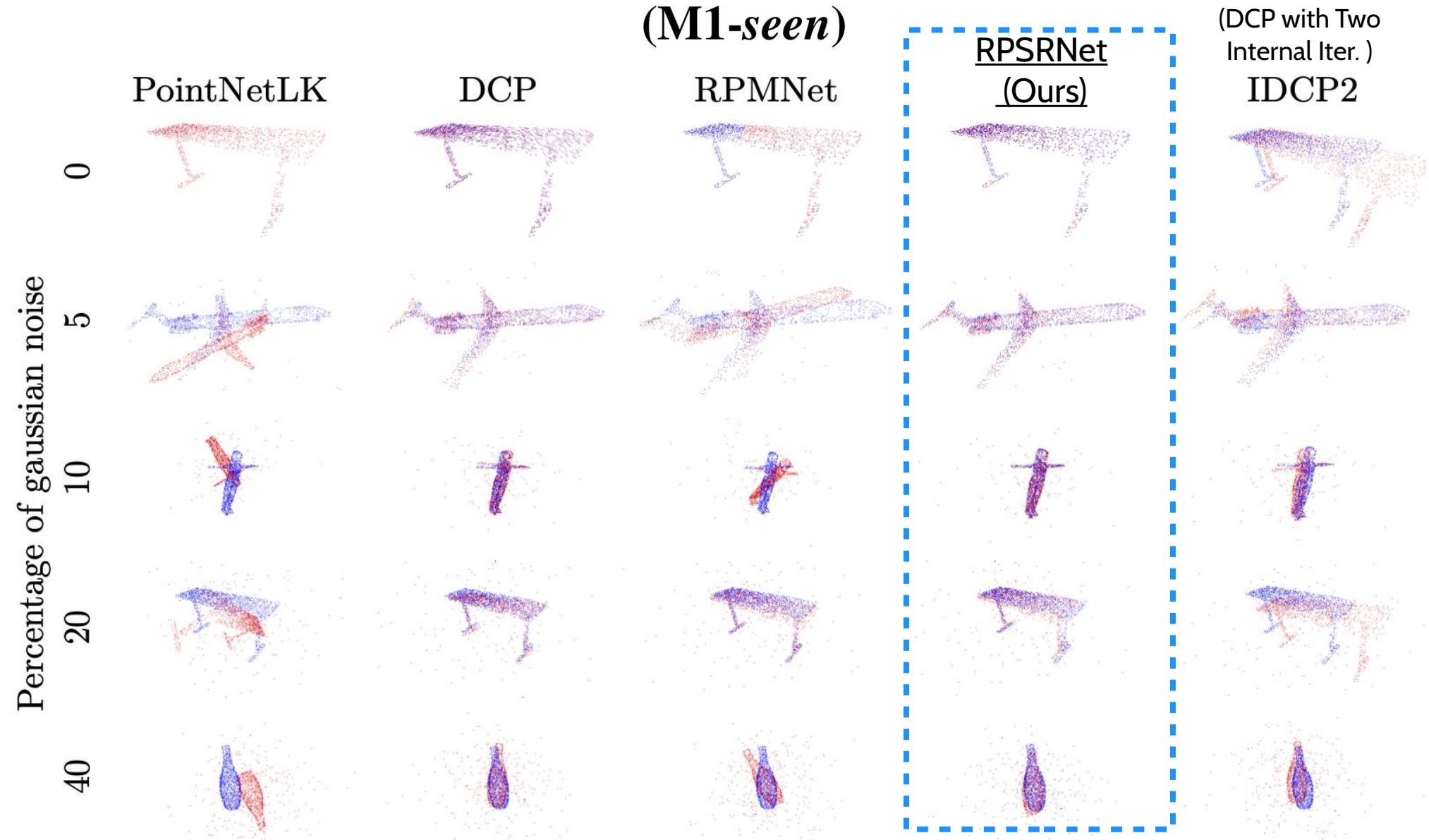


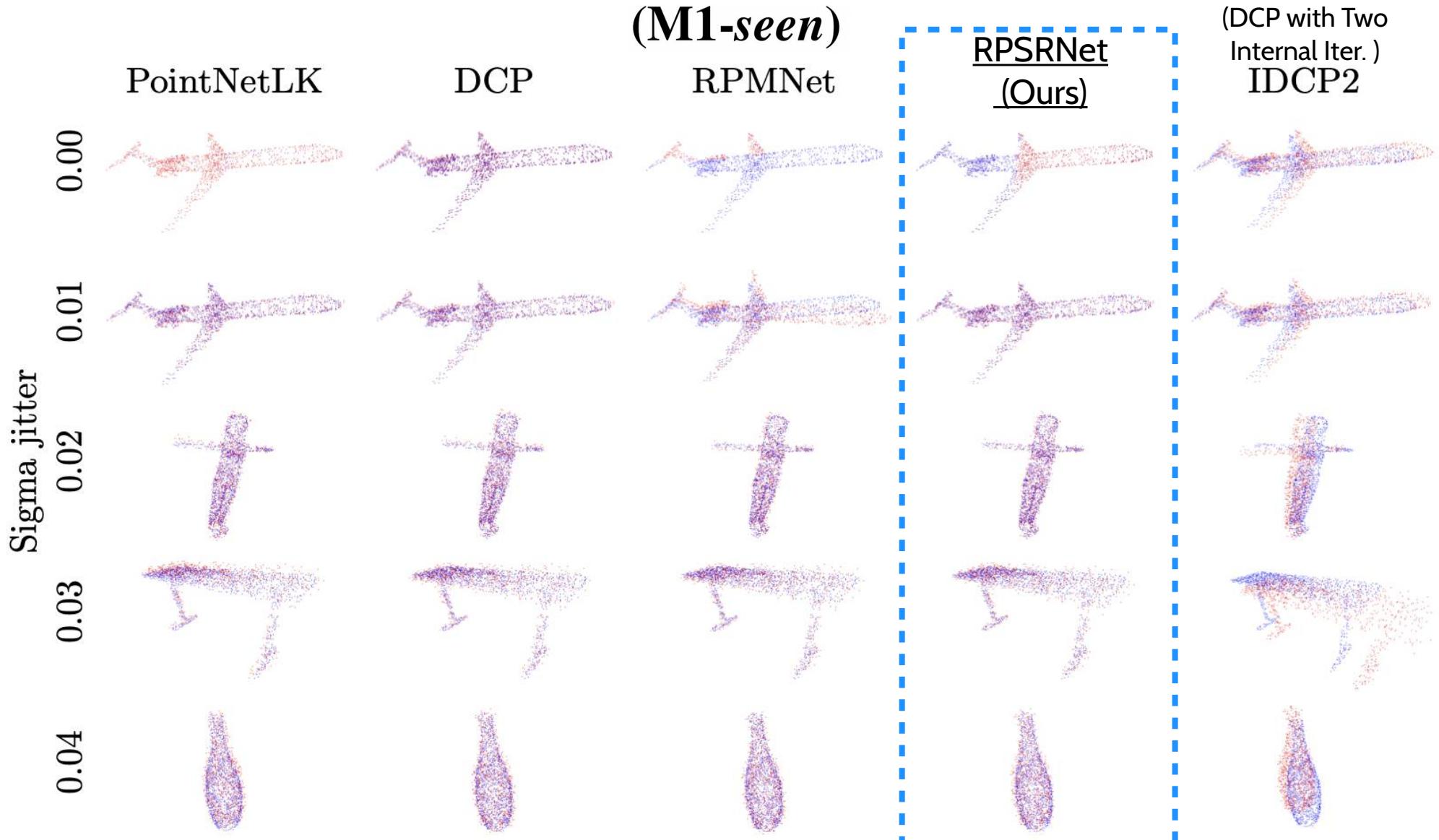
(DCP with Two
Internal Iter.)

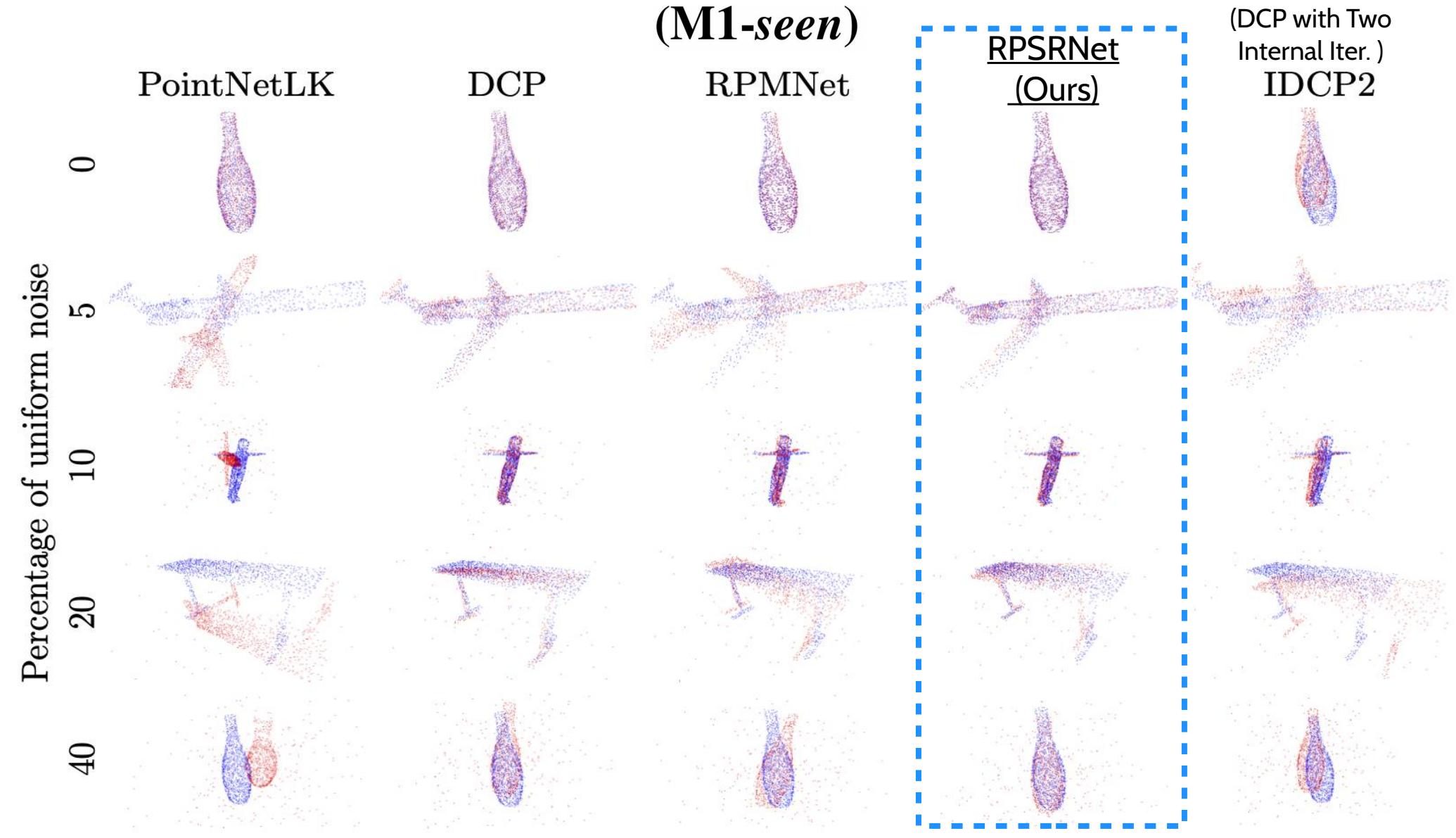
IDCP2





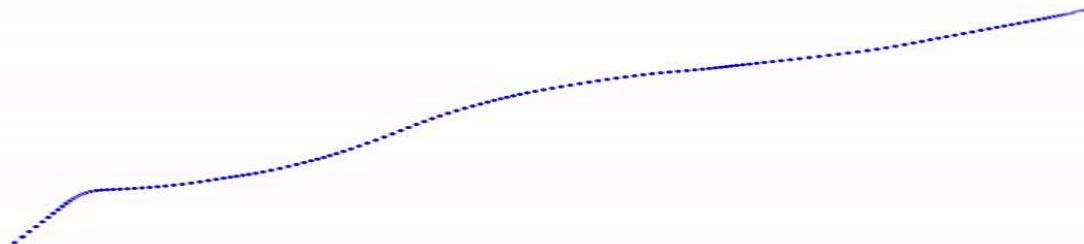
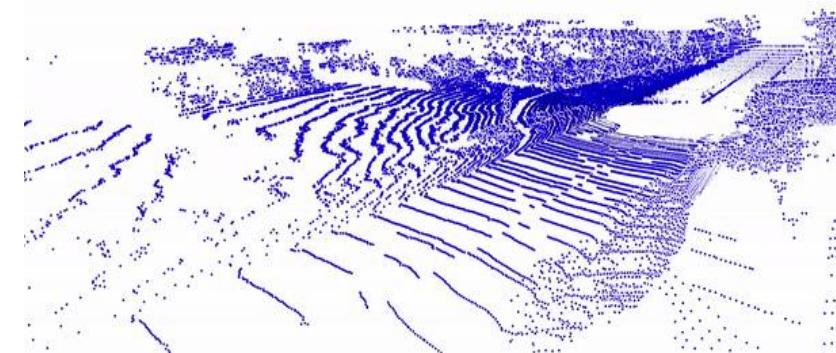






KITTI LiDAR Odometry (Without Pose Graph Optimization and Loop Closure)

							Single Iteration	Three Iterations
	CPD [44]	GA* [25]	FGR [77]	ICP [10]	FilterReg [21]	DCP-v2 [66]	PointNetLK [5]	RPSRNet¹ (ours)
Seq.	$\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$							
mean	3.55, 1.08	3.30, 1.0	3.29, 0.85	3.15, 1.08	3.08, 0.77	2.92, 0.89	4.02, 1.12	3.13, 0.88
	3.03, 1.07	2.94, 1.02	3.25, 1.11	3.06, 1.20	3.26, 1.20	2.96, 0.76	5.17, 1.20	2.18 , 0.84

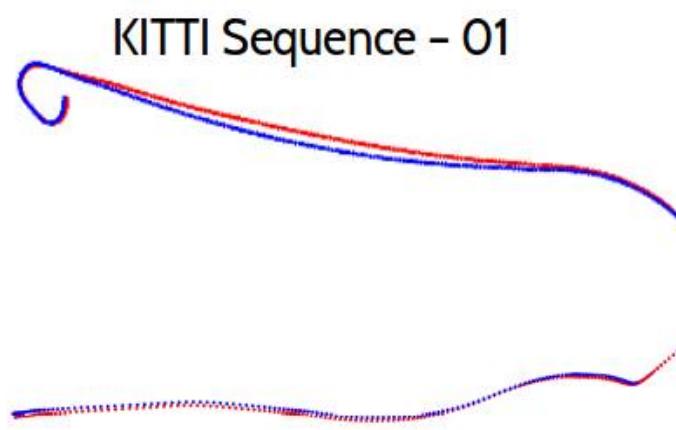


— Ground-truth Path — Estimated Path RPSRNet³

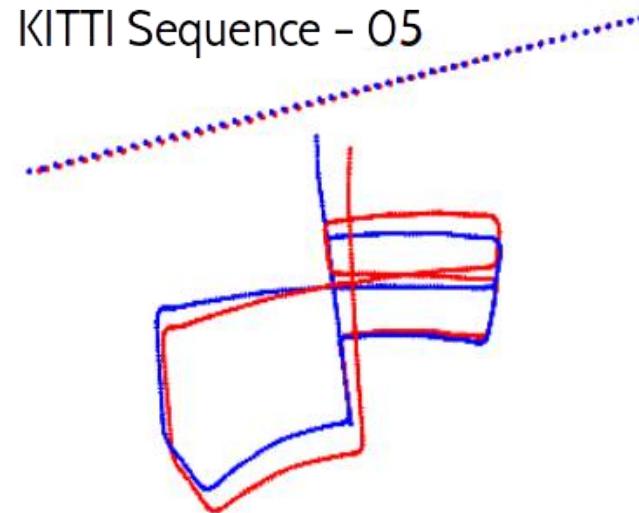
KITTI LiDAR Odometry (Without Pose Graph Optimization and Loop Closure)

							Single Iteration	Three Iterations	
Seq.	CPD [44] $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$	GA* [25] $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$	FGR [77] $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$	ICP [10] $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$	FilterReg [21] $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$	DCP-v2 [66] $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$	PointNetLK [5] $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$	RPSRNet ¹ (ours) $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$	RPSRNet ³ (ours) $\varphi_{\text{rmse}}, \Delta t_{\text{rmse}}$
mean	3.55, 1.08 3.03, 1.07	3.30, 1.0 2.94, 1.02	3.29, 0.85 3.25, 1.11	3.15, 1.08 3.06, 1.20	3.08, 0.77 3.26, 1.20	2.92, 0.89 2.96, <u>0.76</u>	4.02, 1.12 5.17, 1.20	3.13, 0.88 3.03, 1.01	2.22, 0.58 <u>2.18</u> , 0.84

— Ground-truth Path — Estimated Path RPSRNet³

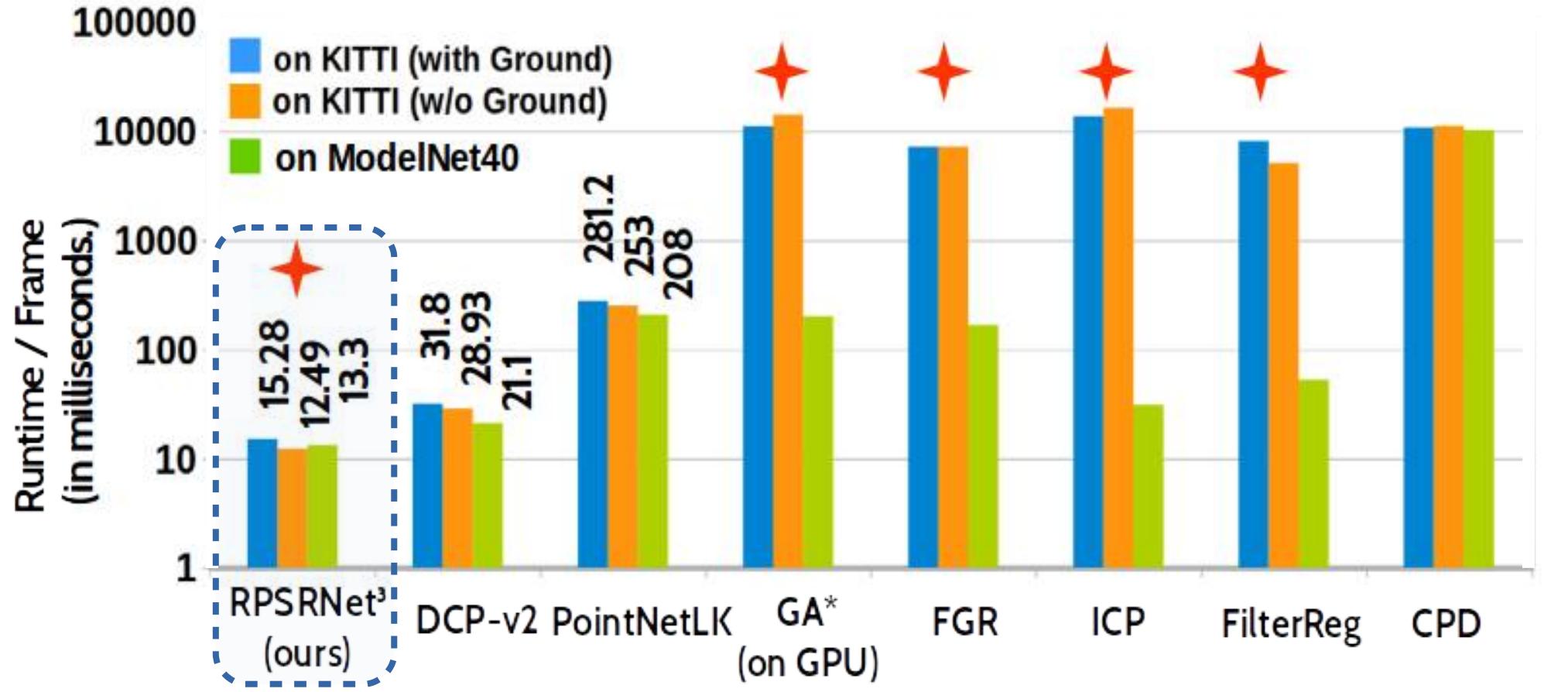


KITTI Sequence - 03



KITTI Sequence - 04

Runtime Evaluation On KITTI and ModelNet40 Datasets (Clean)



★ Using Original Point Size (i.e., without sub-sampling)

**BH-Tree Construction time ~4 ms

Thanks for Watching!